

To the above may be added 3 plants recently described from the park, *ATRAGENE COLUMBIANA* Nutt., f. *ALBESCENS* E. H. Kelso, *RHODORA* **35**: 347. 1933, *SALIX PSEUDOLAPPONUM* v. Seeman, var. *SUBINCURVA* E. H. Kelso, l. c. **36**: 195. 1934, and *CASTILLEJA FLAVO-VIRIDIS* L. Kelso, *Madrono* **1**: 241. 1929.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

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*PRENANTHES CREPIDINEA* IN WESTERN NEW YORK.—In 1882, in his *Plants of Buffalo and its Vicinity*, David F. Day recorded *Prenanthes crepidinea* Michx. as

Very rare. Wheelbarrow Pt., Buffalo. Only two plants seen, and those not lately. Some doubt exists as to the species, but it surely better corresponds with *P. crepidina* than with any other described in Gray's Manual.

Subsequently further doubt has been expressed regarding the occurrence of the species in western New York. Thus House, in his *Annotated List of the Ferns and Flowering Plants of New York State*, says (p. 674), under *Nabalus crepidineus* (Michx.) DC.: "Reported from Western New York. Authentic records are lacking," and Zerkert, in his *Flora of the Niagara Frontier Region* (p. 268), after quoting Day's statement, added the comment: "No corresponding herbarium specimens have been found, nor has the species been collected in recent years."

In 1843 Torrey & Gray had seen no specimens from east of Ohio; but in the Gray Herbarium there is a beautifully characteristic sheet of *P. crepidinea* correctly identified by Gray and marked in his hand: "New York: Buffalo, Prestele, 1844." For some inexplicable reason Gray, in the *Manual* (1848) merely took the eastern limit (Ohio) from Torrey & Gray, and the occurrence of the plant at Buffalo in 1844 was overlooked in his work until the preparation of the *Synoptical Flora*, the part covering the *Compositae* printed in 1884.—M. L. FERNALD.

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